

Equitable Access for All Persons with Rare Disease (Session 0605, 12 May)

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Points of discussion:



- What is your vision for optimal rare disease diagnosis and care in your region or locale?
- What is your organization doing to contribute to this vision and what are your short-term goals?



Super-trees: vertical gardens resembling towering trees



Singapore's national butterfly and Debra's logo: the Common Rose

Synergistic approach, complementarity



Bottom up

Top down

Public

Awareness

Diagnostics & registries

support

policy

research

Capacity building

What we do:



- For getting recognition for RD, work at the national level (both top down and bottom up) needs to be supplemented by that at the regional level
 - Short term goals: provision of high quality, optimal dressings/products/care for patients; collaboration with other Debra groups for better care
 - Mid-term goals: patient registries (disease specific as well as those based on a similar phenotype. E.g., wound care for skin diseases) to generate data for facilitating diagnostics and promoting clinical trials tele-medicine
 - Long-term goals: promoting and funding for research (e.g., IMB A*Star Lab, Singapore)

DEBRA: walking our talk



- local, regional, international
- support patients and groups to promote better delivery of EB care in the resource poor Asia-Pacific region
 - India, Pakistan, Indonesia, Cambodia, Philippines.
- Support local patients with wound-care products, access to experts, diagnostics, enrolment in clinical trials;
- Collate data from patient registries for clinical trials
- establish and strengthen tele-diagnostic panel

First EB meeting, India (Jan, 2018)













First EBWB meeting Bandung, Indonesia



May 2, 2018



Bandung, Indonesia







THANK YOU!





- What are challenges to equitable access within your own region or patient population?
 - Absence of policy, insurance, to subsidize cost of care
 - Prohibitive cost of RD products/medication, lack of infrastructure
 - Scattered, small numbers, immense heterogeneity
 - Lack of expertise, access to knowledge/products
- What are opportunities for addressing barriers, whether tangible or intangible?
 - National and regional umbrella organisations (APARDO, RDI)
 - Working with pharmas to establish APEC RD Expert Network (comprising patient organisation representatives and organisations and clinicians with a focus on RD)
- Within a jurisdiction, what are barriers to equity for rare diseases relative to other health priorities?
 - scarcity and inconsistency in rare disease information
 - Poor diagnosis of RD early, accurately, and systematically
 - Low quality healthcare
 - Burden on health givers
- Are there technological advances that can help us move toward global equity?
 - · Cheaper and ubiquitous access to the internet makes tele-medicine possible and